2024(令和 6)年度 相模原看護専門学校 一般入学試験



(試験時間 50 分 配点 100 点)

_ 注意事項 _____

- 1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子を開いてはいけません。
- 2. 解答する途中で、ページの落丁・乱丁や印刷不鮮明の箇所および解答用紙の汚れ等に気付いた場 合は、手を挙げて試験官に知らせてください。
- 3. HBの黒鉛筆を使用し、訂正する場合は消しゴムで完全に消してからマークしてください。
- 4. 氏名を記入し、番号欄を正しくマークしてください。
- 5. 試験終了の合図と同時に解答を止め、鉛筆を置いてください。
- 6. 解答用紙は試験官の指示に従って提出してください。

解答は全て別紙の解答用紙にマークしなさい。

問題 I

英文中の空所に入れるのに最も適切なものを選択肢から選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

1.	Vould you () me?" is a common proposal in English. 解答番号は 1		
	1 marry	2 marry with	
	3 be married to	(4) get married	
2.	Next month I () Mary for 15 years.	解答番号は 2	
	① know	2 will have known	
	③ will have been knowing	(4) am knowing	
0			
З.	She told him he () it. 解答番号は	3	
	(1) not ought to have done	2 ought to have not done	
	③ ought not to have done	(4) ought to not have done	
4.	He is (). 解答番号は 4		
	① not a man betray us	2 not a man to betray us	
	3 not a man betraying with us	④ never a man who betrays to us	
	<i>.</i>		
5.	() visits that country will love it. 解	答番号は 5	
	(1) Everyone (2) Anyone	3 Whenever 4 Whoever	

問題Ⅱ

英文中の空所に入れるのに最も適切なものを選択肢から選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

1.

- A: Can I go to bed now?
- B : ($\hfill \hfill \hfill$
- $A : \quad I've \ already \ done \ it.$

解答番号は 6

1 I'm sorry, I can't.	 I can go out.
3 Sure.	(4) No, you can't.

2.

A: What is your plan for this weekend?

B: We're going to the beach. Will you join us?

A: ()

B: OK, let's meet here at 10:00 on Saturday.

解答番号は 7

① I'm so sorry.	 Of course, I will.
3 I went to the beach.	④ That's not interesting.

З.

- $A \stackrel{.}{\cdot} \quad My \ sister \ and \ I \ will \ dance \ at \ a \ summer \ festival \ tomorrow.$
- B: That sounds good. I want to go and see your dance. I have a camera, ()

A: Yes, please.

解答番号は 8

- ① Will you take pictures? ② Do you show me your pictures?
- 3 Shall I see your pictures?
- (4) Can I take pictures?

4.

- A : Excuse me. I'd like to go to Sakura Park. ()
- B: Take the bus No.4. It'll be here soon.
- A: Thank you.

解答番号は 9

- ① How did you come here? ② When will the bus leave?
- 3 What would you like to take?

- (4) Which bus should I take?

5.

How long will it take from here to the station if we walk? A:

В∶	()	
解答	番号は	10)

- ① You can walk there if you want.
- 2 I don't walk to the station because I'm busy.
- 3 It will take about thirty minutes.
- ④ We had to walk to the station for thirty minutes.

問題Ⅲ

英文中の空所に入れるのに最も適切なものを選択肢から選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

1.	We have to distingui	sh right () wrong	. 解答番号は 11	
	1 and	2 or	3 with	(4) from
2.	Many years have pas	ssed () I saw you	last time. 解答番号に	t 12
	① from	2 since	3 to	(4) for
3.	. () a little more luck, I could have finished reading the assignment earlier. 解答番号は 13			
	① At	2 In	3 With	④ On
4.	She fell asleep (① in) her radio turned on. ② for	解答番号は 14 ③ while	(4) with
5.	What () earth w ① at	vere you doing there la ② on	ast night? 解答番号は ③ in	(<u>15</u>) (<u>4</u>) over

問題IV

英文中の空所に入れるのに最も適切なものを選択肢から選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

1. It's important to () children for the little steps they take toward their goals.

	解答番号は 16 ① precede	2 praise	3 prevent	(4) pride
2.	I'm () excited to 1 much	eat anything. 解答番 ② hardly	号は 17 ③ enough	(d) too
З.	Generally (), we (1) telling	e had a mild climate la ② speaking	ast year. 解答番号は ③ talking	18 ④ saying
4.	Come on Saturday of (1) All	r Sunday. () day : ② Both	is OK. 解答番号は [③ Either	19 ④ Neither
5.	The supermarket is ① customers		every Sunday. 解答番 ③ visitors	号は 20 ④ guests

問題V

日本文の内容を表すように英語を正しく並べ、**3番目**に来る語句の番号をマークしな さい。

1. 彼は気分を落ち着かせるかのように一瞬黙った。 解答番号は 21 He _____ (___) ____ moment as if collecting his thought. 1) a 2 quiet ③ for (4) kept 2. 渋滞のせいで、昼までに目的地につくことができなかった。 解答番号は 22 The traffic jam _____ (___) ____ our goal by noon. 2 prevented ③ from (1) reaching (4) us 3. 父を見送りに空港まで行ってきたところだ。 解答番号は 23 I have just _____ (___) ____ my father off. $\hat{2}$ to see 3 the airport 1) to (4) been 4. 私は実社会に出て仕事がしたいんです。 解答番号は 24 I _____ (____) ____ into the world and work. 2 rather (1) go 3 out (4) would 5. みんなが好き勝手なことをやっていたら、このクラスはどうなってしまうだろう。 解答番号は 25 If everybody were _____ (____) ____ of our class? (1) to have 2 what ③ would become (4) his own way

次の文を読んで以下の問に答えなさい。

Fake News

We have all heard the phrase 'fake news.' It is strange, isn't it? The Oxford dictionary defines the word 'news' as 'newly received or ***noteworthy** information, especially about recent events, usually a broadcast or published report not previously known 30 someone.' If that is true, how can news be fake? In recent years, the phrase 'fake news' has been widely used to challenge the ***authenticity** of a situation, (26) true or not, and this has often led to confusion, and that seems to be its purpose.

<u>31</u> short, 'fake news' is disinformation. It is information (34) that has been created to intentionally mislead or deceive the listener or reader. (27) disinformation has been around for a very long time, it has become so widespread that many writers have called this era 'The Age of Disinformation.' We now find ourselves involved in global information campaigns where true information is questioned by ***a barrage of** false information.

(28) previously mentioned, disinformation is false information that is designed to deceive us, and it can be on a personal, social or political level. 32 modern technology, it is delivered at great speed across a vast range of communication channels. (29) received, it is spread again often via social media such as 'likes' or 'shares.' Moreover, human beings are subject to something called 'confirmation bias,' which means that we tend to accept information that confirms or supports our prior views. Knowing this, we all must examine the data we receive daily to be more aware 33 the ***validity** of the information we receive, accept, and spread out.

Communication experts recommend that we try to identify disinformation by considering the information source as well as the author and the date. Additionally, we should check our own biases to consider if our own beliefs could affect our judgment.

*noteworthy 注目に値する	*authenticity 信憑性
*a barrage of 矢継ぎ早の	*validity 妥当性

問 1 文中の空欄(26)~(29)に入れるのに最も適当な語を次の中から選び、
 その番号をマークしなさい。文の先頭に来る語も小文字にしてあります。ただし、
 同じ選択肢を2回使うことはできません。解答番号は 26 ~ 29
 ① while ② once ③ as ④ whether

問 2 文中の空欄 30 ~ 33 に入れるのに最も適当な語を次の中から選び、
 その番号をマークしなさい。文の先頭に来る語も小文字にしてあります。ただし、
 同じ選択肢を2回使うことはできません。解答番号は 30 ~ 33
 ① in ② of ③ to ④ with

- 問3 下線部(34)のthatと同じ意味・用法のthatを含む文を1つ選び、その番号
 をマークしなさい。解答番号は 34
 - ① I heard the news <u>that</u> he had passed the exam.
 - 2 <u>That</u> is the man whom I like.
 - 3 It is true <u>that</u> he is honest.
 - 4 This is the best dictionary <u>that</u> exists in this library.

問4 本文の内容に合うものを1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。 解答番号は 35

- ① 'Fake news' is newly received or noteworthy information.
- ⁽²⁾ 'Fake news' is global information campaigns where true information is questioned by a barrage of false information.
- 3 'Fake news' is false information that is designed to deceive us.
- ④ 'Fake news' is information that confirms or supports our prior views.

問題Ⅶ

次の文を読んで以下の問に答えなさい。

38

Young people preparing for their future careers face numerous choices, which can be very confusing. One of those choices ***hinges on** whether to train as a generalist, one who has many skills and ideas, or a specialist, focusing on expertise in a specific area. Business experts have ***weighed in on** both sides of the debate. For example, Bill Gates, the co-founder of Microsoft, credited the success of his company to its teams of generalists with broad capabilities. Others believe that specialization is the key to career success.

Indeed, there are ***pros and cons** to each of these career pathways. The generalist might *** be made redundant** during unfavorable economic times, but their broad knowledge could give them an edge in terms of career flexibility. Whereas the specialist might benefit from better ***remuneration**, they might also face a higher risk of their skills becoming ***obsolete** due to the advancement of technology. One just needs to look at what has happened to the print media industry over the past two decades to see an example of how the industry has been ***disrupted** by innovative technology.

When it comes to deciding on which direction to take, career consultants recommend job seekers to assess their interests and consider their commitment. When someone discovers a passion for a profession of interest, they can then evaluate whether they want to go into the general field or to study a specific area of it. Likewise, asking oneself whether one can remain committed to a certain career for many years into the future can assist a job seeker in making an informed decision.

Organizations employ both generalists and specialists to conduct their activities, and ultimately, the decision of which way to go depends on the individual. Keep in mind that jobs should mean more than merely providing income, but they stimulate our minds and our hearts. *hinge on ~次第である *weigh in on ~に加わる *pros and cons 長所と短所 * be made redundant 解雇される *remuneration 報酬 *obsolete 廃れた *disrupt 混乱させる

問1 本文の内容に合うものを1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

解答番号は 36

- 将来の仕事の準備をする若者たちは、数多くの仕事の選択肢から自由に選ぶことが出来る。
- ② 若者たちは専門家としての訓練を受けないと、将来仕事につけない。
- ③ ビジネスの専門家は多くのスキルを持つことが一番大事なことだと主張している。
- ④ 専門性を高めることがキャリア成功の鍵であると信じている人たちもいる。
- 問2 本文の内容に合うものを1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

解答番号は 37

- ① 専門的な技術を持てば、必ず良い報酬の恩恵を受けられる。
- ② 技術の進歩があっても、スキルの高い人であれば仕事を失うことは決してない。
- ③ キャリアコンサルタントがどの方向に進むべきかを決めてくれる。
- ④ 組織には万能型と専門家の両方が存在するが、どちらの道に進むかを決めるの はあくまで個人次第である。
- 問3 本文につけるタイトルとして最もふさわしいものを1つ選び、マークしなさい。 解答番号は 38
 - ① Specialist or Generalist for Career Success
 - 2 Bill Gates, the co-founder of Microsoft
 - 3 The Success of the Company
 - (4) The Road to Generalists or Specialists